Highlights of Consolidated Financial Results for the FY2016

HANWA Co., Ltd.

(Unit: billion yen, rounded down to 0.1 billions of yen)

Outline of Financial Results for the FY2016

As for this fiscal year, net sales has increased slightly to 1,514.0 billion yen due to sales increases of metals & alloys and lumber sections, while prices of petroleum and steel products were in the lower level than the last fiscal year. Net income was 16.3 billion yen, decreased by 36%, due to decrease of extraordinary income and no inclusion of loss from the previous year in tax deductible expenses.

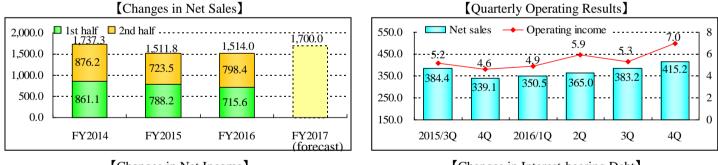
We paid 9.0 yen as interim dividend and will pay additional 10.0 yen as the end of this fiscal year dividend. Our annual dividend payout for this fiscal year will be 19.0 yen

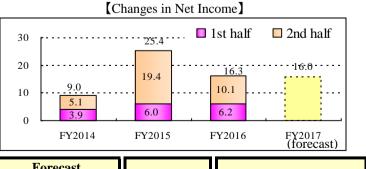
Operating Results	FY2016	FY2	2015	Year-on-year Change rate			Main Factors		
Net sales	1,514	.0 1	,511.8	2.2	0%	(Net sa	ıles)		
Gross profit	64		56.5	7.9	14%	meta	sales has increased slightly, due to sales increase of als & alloys and lumber sections, while prices of roleum and steel products were in the lower level.		
SG&A expenses	41	.0	38.3	2.7	7%	petro			
Operating income	23	.4	18.1	5.2	29%		A expenses)		
Non-operating income	3	.8	3.7	0.1	3%	comp	& A expenses have increased by 7%, 2.7 billion yen, pared with the previous year.		
Non-operating expenses	4	.4	6.5	-2.1	-32%	subsi	out of 2.7 billion yen was accounted for newly consolidated idiaries.		
Ordinary income	22	.9	15.4	7.4	49%		employment costs have increased by 1.0 billion yen, uding 0.5 billion yen for newly consolidated subsidiaries.		
Extraordinary gain	1	.5	14.9	(13.3)	-90%		operating income/expenses) -operating income has increased by 3% from the previous		
Extraordinary loss	1	.2	3.5	-2.3	-64%	year,	due to increase in dividend income, while not boosted by		
Income before income taxes and others	23	.1	26.7	(3.5)	-13%	Non-	ersal allowance for doubtful accounts. n-operating expenses have decreased by 32%, due to ence of loss on investments in affiliates and the reduced hange losses.		
Income taxes	6	5.7	1.2	5.4	432%				
Net income	16	.4	25.4	(9.0)	-36%		aordinary gain/loss)		
Owners of the Company(loss) 16.3 Minority interests(loss) 0.0 EPS (yen) 80.18			25.4	(9.1)	(9.1) -36% securities were included in extraording		on disposal of fixed assets and sales of investment rities were included in extraordinary income.		
			0.0	0.0 (42.74)	636% -35%		the other hand, loss on devaluation of investments securities investment in capital and loss on liquidation of unprofitable		
Comprehensive	20.1		16.7	4.2	25%	busir	nesses were recorded.		
income Someont	,	Net sales		Sagm	ent incom				
Segment Information	FY2016	FY2015	rate	FY2016	FY2015	rate	Main Factors		
Steel	786.8	798.6	-2%	18.0	14.8	22%	(Steel business) Market was steady but lackluster and sales decreased due to slow price		
Metals & alloys	134.6	131.1	3%	1.4	2.2	-36%	improvement. Income increased due to profits from construction of and absence of loss on investments in affiliates. (Metals & alloys business) While market was sluggish, revenue increased due to ferro-chrom sales expansion. Segment income decreased due to loss on foreign exchange rates and disposal of inventories in Showa Metal. (Non-ferrous metals business) Although revenue decreased by low commodity prices in yen, seg income increased due to improvement of scrap businesses in the		
Non-ferrous metals	79.2	82.0	-4%	1.0	0.8	28%			
Foods	89.0	90.6	-2%	2.8	0.0	_			
Petroleum & chemicals	264.4	276.4	-4%	2.4	1.9	25%			
Overseas sales subsidiaries	174.2	177.6	-2%	0.1	(0.7)		half of the year when prices rose. (Foods business)		
Total for reportable segments	1,528.4	1,556.7	-2%	26.1	19.2	36%	Net sales decreased due to weak demands in worldwide markets. Segment income increased by margin improvement from better market conditions and positive turn-around results of Seattle Shrimp &		
Other	73.0	67.2	9%	1.5	1.3	11%	Seafood Co., Inc. (Petroleum & chemicals business)		
Total	1,601.5	1,623.9	-1%	27.6	20.6	34%	In addition to overall weak prices, low demands of bunker fuel made revenue decreased. Segment income increased due to profits from keysogan calca and profitshility of imported plastic products.		
Adjustment	(87.4)	(112.1)	22%	(4.7)	(5.1)	9%	kerosene sales and profitability of imported plastic products. (Overseas sales subsidiaries) Steel sales stagnation in US and overseas sales converted to yen		
rajustinent									

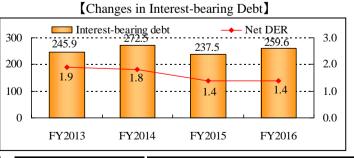
Mar. Subscribed capital increase of a coil center, Ohmi Sangyo Co., Ltd., with JFE Shoji Trade Corp.

Total assets 694.2 599.6 94.5 16% Total assets 537.7 451.2 86.5 19% year, due to increase in trade receivables as a sales increase. Inventories 111.0 billion yen (+5% from the end of the previous period)	Financial Position	Mar. 2017	Mar. 2016	Comparison with Mar. 2016		Main Factors	
(Current assets) (Fixed assets) (Fixed assets) Total liabilities (Interest-bearing debt) (Net interest-bearing debt) Net DER Total net assets (Equity capital) (Accumulated other comprehensive income) (Minority interests) BPS (yen) (Current assets) 537.7 451.2 86.5 19% 86.5 19% Foral assets increased by 16% from the end of the previou year, due to increase in trade receivables as a sales increase. Inventories 111.0 billion yen (+5% from the end of the previous period) (Liabilities) Total liabilities Total increase by 18% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade payables and debts. While interest-bearing debts increased by 18% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade payables and debts. While interest-bearing debts increased by 9%, net debt-equity ratio was almost 136%, staying the same. (Net assets) By increase of net income attributable to owners of the parent and net unrealized holding gains on securities, total net assets increased by 10% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade receivables as a sales increased. Inventories 111.0 billion yen (+5% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade receivables as a sales increase. Inventories 111.0 billion yen (+5% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade receivables as a sales increase. Inventories 111.0 billion yen (+5% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade receivables as a sales increase. Inventories 111.0 billion yen (+5% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade receivables as a sales increase. Inventories 111.0 billion yen (+5% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade receivables as a sales increase. Inventories 111.0 billion yen (+5% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade receivables as a sales increased by 16% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade receivables as a sales increased by 18% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade	Financial Fosition	Wiai. 2017	Mai. 2010	Change	rate	Main Factors	
(Current assets) (Fixed assets) Total liabilities (Interest-bearing debt) (Net interest-bearing debt) Net DER Total net assets (Equity capital) (Accumulated other comprehensive income) (Minority interests) BPS (yen) (Current assets) 156.4 148.4 8.0 5% 18% 59,0 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18	Total assets	694.2	599.6	94.5	16%		
Total liabilities (Interest-bearing debt) (Net interest-bearing debt) Net DER Total net assets (Equity capital) (Accumulated other comprehensive income) (Minority interests) BPS (yen) Total liabilities 522.5 443.5 79.0 18% Inventories 111.0 billion yen (+5% from the end of the previous period) (Liabilities) Total liabilities increased by 18% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade payables and debts. While interest-bearing debts increased by 9%, net debt-equity ratio was almost 136%, staying the same. (Net assets) By increase of net income attributable to owners of the parent and net unrealized holding gains on securities, total net assets increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to	(Current assets)	537.7	451.2	86.5	19%	1	
(Interest-bearing debt) (Net interest-bearing debt) Net DER Total net assets (Equity capital) (Accumulated other comprehensive income) (Minority interests) BPS (yen) (Interest-bearing debt) 259.6 237.5 22.1 9% (Liabilities) Total liabilities increased by 18% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade payables and debts. While interest-bearing debts increased by 9%, net debt-equity ratio was almost 136%, staying the same. (Net assets) By increase of net income attributable to owners of the parent and net unrealized holding gains on securities, total net assets increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to increase of debts absorbed device as a second content of the previous year. Due to increase of debts absorbed device as a second content of the previous year. Due to increase of debts absorbed device as a second content of the previous year.	(Fixed assets)	156.4	148.4	8.0	5%	increase.	
(Interest-bearing debt) (Net interest-bearing debt) Net DER 135.7% 135.9% 136.1 136.	Total liabilities	522.5	443.5	79.0	18%	•	
Net DER 135.7% 135.9% -0.2pt Total net assets 171.6 156.1 15.4 10% (Equity capital) (Accumulated other comprehensive income) (Minority interests) BPS (yen) 231.2 210.4 20.7 10% -0.2pt -10% -0.2pt -10% Total liabilities increased by 18% from the end of the previous year, due to increase in trade payables and debts. While interest-bearing debts increased by 9%, net debt-equity ratio was almost 136%, staying the same. (Net assets) By increase of net income attributable to owners of the parent and net unrealized holding gains on securities, total net assets increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to increase of 1	(Interest-bearing debt)	259.6	237.5	22.1	9%		
Net DER 135.7% 135.9% -0.2pt previous year, due to increase in trade payables and debts. While interest-bearing debts increased by 9%, net debt-equity ratio was almost 136%, staying the same. (Net assets) (Net assets) BPS (yen) 135.7% 148.8 10.9 7% 6.0 4.6 77% 10.7 6.0 4.6 77% By increase of net income attributable to owners of the parent and net unrealized holding gains on securities, total net assets increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to increase of debts above believe to the previous year.	(Net interest-bearing debt)	231.2	210.4	20.7	10%		
Total net assets (Equity capital) (Accumulated other comprehensive income) (Minority interests) BPS (yen) 171.6 156.1 156.1 156.1 15.4 10% While interest-bearing debts increased by 9%, net debt-equity ratio was almost 136%, staying the same. (Net assets) By increase of net income attributable to owners of the parent and net unrealized holding gains on securities, total net assets increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to increase of debts increased by 9%, net debt-equity ratio was almost 136%, staying the same. (Net assets) By increase of net income attributable to owners of the parent and net unrealized holding gains on securities, total net assets increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to	Net DER	135.7%	135.9%	-0.2pt		· ·	
(Equity capital) (Accumulated other comprehensive income) (Minority interests) BPS (yen) 159.7 148.8 10.9 7% (Net assets) By increase of net income attributable to owners of the parent and net unrealized holding gains on securities, total net assets increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to	Total net assets	171.6	156.1	15.4	10%	While interest-bearing debts increased by 9%, net debt-	
comprehensive income) (Minority interests) BPS (yen) 10.7 6.0 4.6 77% By increase of net income attributable to owners of the parent and net unrealized holding gains on securities, total net assets increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to	(Equity capital)	159.7	148.8	10.9	7%		
(Minority interests) 1.2 1.2 (0.0) -5% and net unrealized holding gains on securities, total net assets increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to		10.7	6.0	4.6	77%		
in announce of dights, shown held and a quitty partie was 24.5, which is	(Minority interests)	1.2	1.2	(0.0)	-5%	· ·	
increase of debts shareholders' equity ratio was 24.5 which is	BPS (yen)	838.70	747.40	91.30	12%	increased by 10% from the end of the previous year. Due to	
Shareholders equity 170.4 1 134.6 13.3 1070 1	Shareholders' equity	170.4	154.8	15.5	10%	increase of debts, shareholders' equity ratio was 24.5, which is a	
Shareholders' equity ratio 24.5% 25.8% -1.3pt — 1.3 percentage point lower than the end of the previous year.	Shareholders' equity ratio	24.5%	25.8%	-1.3pt	_	1.5 percentage point lower than the end of the previous year.	

Cash Flow	FY2016	FY2015	Year-on- Change	-year rate	Main Factors
Cash flows from operating activities	3.9	53.0	(49.1)	-93%	(Operating cash flows) 3.9 billion yen Due to increase in business earnings.
Cash flows from investing activities	(18.4)	(10.4)	(7.9)	76%	(Investment cash flows) (18.4) billion yen
Cash flows from financing activities	15.4	(41.7)	57.1	_	Due to execution of short-term loan. (Financial cash flows) 15.4 billion yen
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	27.2	25.8	1.4	5%	Due to increase of short-term debts and commercial paper.







Forecast (Annual)	FY2017	FY2016	change
Net sales	1,700.0	1,514.0	12%
Operating income	25.5	23.4	9%
Ordinary income	24.0	22.9	5%
Net income	16.0	16.3	-2%

Cash Dividends	FY2015	FY2016	FY2017 (estimated)
Interim (yen)	8.00	9.00	10.00
Year-end (yen)	10.00	10.00	10.00
Annual (yen)	18.00	19.00	20.00
Dividend payout ratio	15%	24%	26%