

IR NEWS

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Notice Concerning New Medium-Term Business Plan (From FY2023 to FY2025)

Hanwa Co., Ltd. announces that it formulated the Medium-Term Business Plan (From FY2023 to FY2025), as attached hereto:

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Medium-Term Business Plan 2025

"Run up to HANWA 2030 ~Soar into the next stage challenging the status quo~"

HANWA Co., LTD.

May, 2023

Index



Review of Medium-Term Business Plan 2022 (The 9th Plan)

Reflection and Future Challenges

Medium-Term Business Plan 2025 (The 10th Plan)

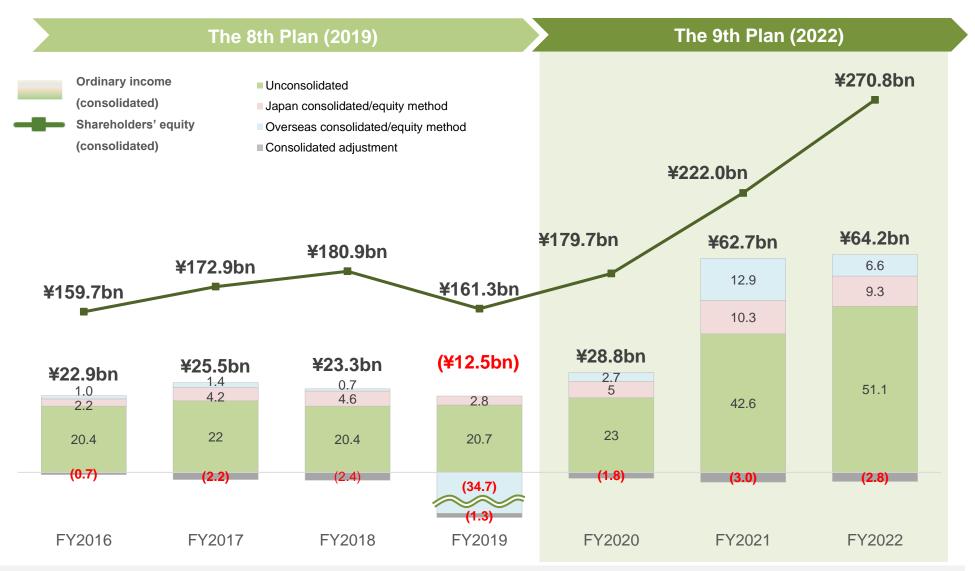
- Basic Policy
- Enhancement of Management Foundation
- Development of Business Strategy
- Summary of Quantitative Targets



Reflection and Future Challenges

Trends of Business Performance





- Ordinary income (consolidated) amounted to ¥64.2bn, the highest since the Company was founded. With remarkable growth in profit by the consolidated companies, etc., profit expansion in Asia and profit from strategic investments particularly contributed to these results.
- Shareholders' equity (consolidated) rose to ¥270.8bn due to steady aggregation of profit over the years of the 9th Plan.

Achievement Status of Quantity Targets



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	Quantitative targets		Achievement	FY2022 Result	Outcomes/Details
FY2022	Before application of revenue recognition standard ¥2,100.0 bn			¥3,100.6 bn	As well as growing transaction volumes in Japan and overseas, commodity prices, including steel, non-ferror
<u>Net sales</u>	After application of revenue recognition standard	-	Achieved	¥2,668.2 bn	metals, and crude oil, trended at high levels due to high resources prices
FY2022 Ordinary income	¥30.0 bn		Achieved	¥64.2 bn	Expansion of sales networks in Asia (mainly ASEAN) and generation of profit from investments contributed to rise in income
FY2020-2022 Cumlative investment capacity	Cumulative total: ¥50.0 bn		Exceeded	Cumulative total: ¥62.8 bn	Promoted growth investments in Japan and overseas and introduced new ERP system within consolidated core operating CF
As of end of FY2022 Shareholders' equity	¥200.0 bn		Achieved	¥270.8 bn	Increased due to steady build-up of retained earnings from net income attributable to owners of the parent
Net DER	Approx. 130%		Achieved	98% (83%*)	Fell due to steady build-up of retained earnings and contraction of interest-bearing liabilities *Net DER after taking account of Hybrid loan
HR devt/training budget	3x compared with prior years		Achieved	Approx. 3 x (compared with FY2019)	Established corporate university program with VR environment (Hanwa Business School), began sending employees to MBA programs in Japan, resumed language study abroad program
Global Steel transaction volume	15 million tons/year		Unachieved	14.59 million tons/year	Although short of the target, transaction volumes increased due to expansion of local production/local consumption business overseas, particularly in Asia (mainly ASEAN)
Global New customers Cumulative: 5,000 companies		Achieved	Cumulative: 6,430 companies	Expanded transaction base by expanding sales networks, particularly in Asia (mainly ASEAN) and promoting SOKOKA strategy in Japan.	

Evaluation of the 9th Plan Future Challenges and Action Policies



Evaluation of the 9th Plan	Challenges and action policies for the 10th Plan
■ With "SOKOKA (Just-in-Time delivery, small lot, processing)" strategy in Japan and "Create another Hanwa in Southeast Asia" strategy overseas as starting points, revenue of the Group companies in both Japan and overseas increased significantly.	□ Promote transition to business strategy that will optimize the entire supply chain beyond the boundaries of trading.
☐ Generated profit from strategic investments, such as in Samancor and Tsingshan Holding Group. Equity and dividend income contributed in addition to business revenue.	☐ Strengthen company-wide risk management structure to accommodate diversifying business models and support stable growth of individual businesses.
■ Developed the foundation for generation of future digital x business model transformation through digitalization of data processing, such as introduction of new ERP system and obtaining DX certification.	□ Allocate profit and cashflow to "shareholder returns," "strengthening of financial foundations," and "growth investments" in a well-balanced manner and pursue sustainable growth of corporate value.



Basic Policy

Recognition of Business Environment



Recognition of business environment surrounding the Company business

Change in supply-demand environment of the steel industry

- Declining domestic demand for steel materials and greater influence of China's steel industry in the global market
- Possibility of structural changes in steel logistics market, including the "2024 problem" (overtime restrictions on truck drivers due to come into force in Japan in 2024)
- Expansion of production bases and capacity overseas, efficiency improvements in production systems in Japan

Progress in application of clean energy

- Rising international demand for initiatives toward carbon-free society
- Expanded use of cold iron sources, such as iron scrap and reduced iron, to contribute to reduction of CO₂ emissions
- Increase in demand for renewable energy and biomass fuels

Intensifying competition over metal resources and in the non-ferrous metal market

- Rise of resource nationalism against a backdrop of soaring resource prices
- Development of battery recycling market, such as lithium-ion batteries (LiB) for electric vehicles (EVs)
- Increasing demand for E-scrap and intensifying competition for collecting E-scrap

Change in global marine product market

- Decline in demand for fish consumption in Japanese market
- Tightening of supply due to stricter restrictions outside Japan
- ☐ Growing environmental and health needs (aquaculture business / alternative proteins / nutrient fortification)

Rising geopolitical risks

- Turmoil in supply chains, including energy, raw materials, industrial parts, and finished products, and soaring resources prices against backdrop of Russia-Ukraine conflict
- Intensifying competition among superpowers, including United States and China, and re-arrangement of supply chains with awareness of geopolitical risks

Expansion of social requirements, including governance and ESG

- Intensifying demand for environmental protection, etc.
- Rising demands for improvement of governance structures

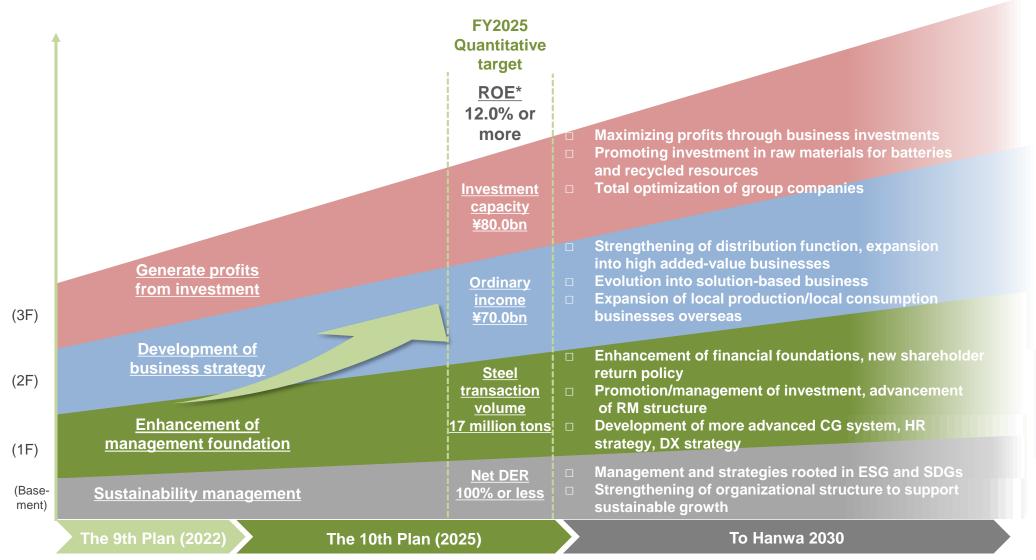
Changes in business in the "after COVID-19" era

- Impact of changes in consumption and demand structure
- Increasingly diverse means of communicating with customers and suppliers, etc.

Basic Policy of the 10th Medium-Term Business Plan



"Run up to HANWA 2030"



Sustainability Management (ESG/SDGs)



Work on material issues of the Company through implementation of individual strategies

The Company's material issues and its viewpoints

Formation of a	■ Effective use of limited resources		Steel
recycling-oriented society	Building supply chains that are considerate of the environment and human rights		Primary Metal
Realization of	Distribution of materials that contribute to decarbonization		Metal Recycling
carbon neutrality	■ Reduction of the Company's GHG emissions		Food Products
Building strong and flexible social infrastructure	infrastructure Of so	Implementation of strategies	Energy & Living Materials
		of the 10th Plan	Overseas Sales Subsidiaries
Security and	Creating environments where increasingly		Lumber
development of diversified human	diverse people can work sustainably Creating environments that will allow		Machinery
resources	increasingly diverse people to grow		Enhancement of
Advancement of	■ Risk management of business		management foundation
risk management system	investment/business continuation Corporate governance system		Sustainability management

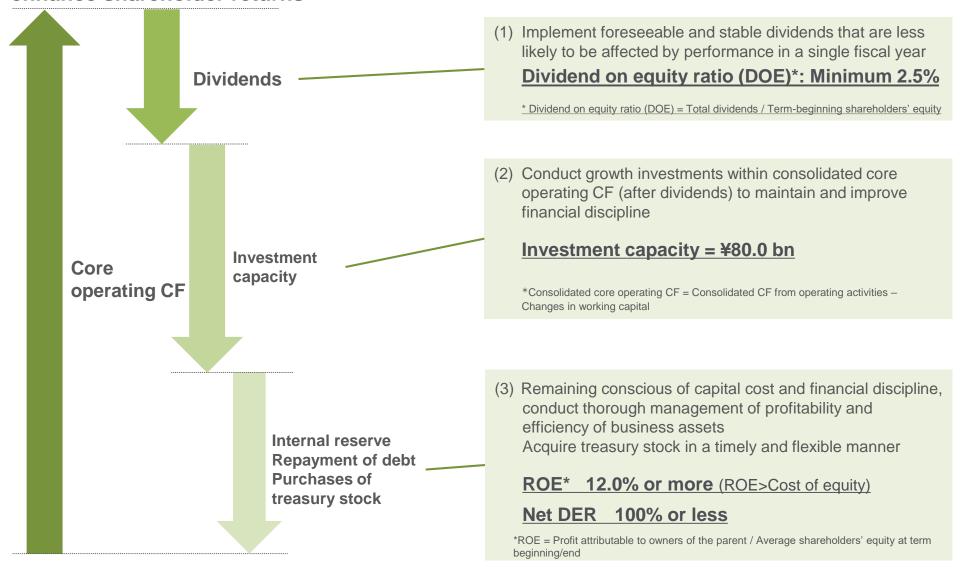


Enhancement of Management Foundation

Enhancement of Financial Foundations



Be conscious of balance between "offense" and "defense" toward sustainable growth, enhance shareholder returns



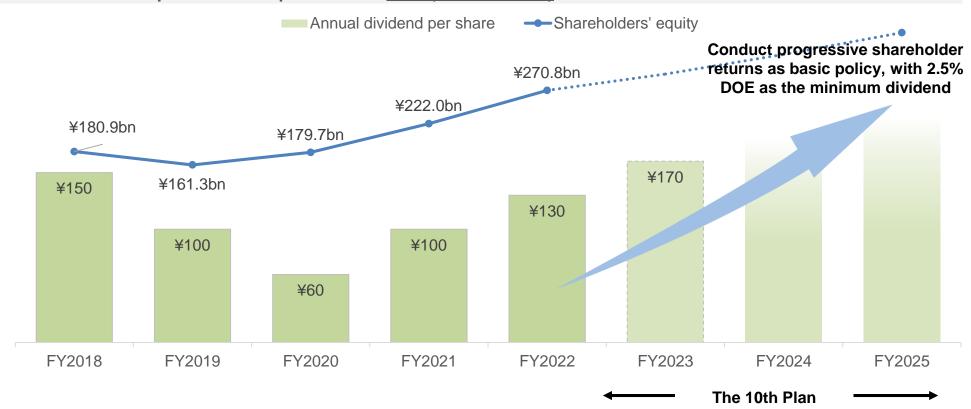
Shareholder Return Policy



With the aim of stable and progressive shareholder returns, the shareholder return policy will be reviewed as follows:

The first priority is to continue stable dividends

- New shareholder return policy Strive for sustainable growth of corporate value with aim to increase dividends over the medium to long term During the Plan period, in addition to conducting dividends with <u>dividend on equity ratio (DOE) of 2.5% of beginning</u> <u>consolidated shareholders' equity as the minimum dividend level</u>, give flexible consideration to <u>additional</u> <u>shareholder returns through the acquisition of treasury stock, etc.</u>
- FY2023 (Forecast)
 Annual dividend per share is expected to be ¥170 (DOE of 2.55%)



Selection/Promotion/Management of Investments



Selective investments for sustainable growth and pursuit of more advance operation/monitoring

Selection of investees

Implementation of Investment

Value up Monitoring

Management of investment capacity

- Establish and manage companywide investment and lending capacity
- □ Consider introduction of investment capacities for ESG/SDGs and next-generation businesses to solve material issues of the Company

Development of investment/withdrawal criteria

■ Review investment/withdrawal criteria, including hurdle rate

Development of more advanced screening processes

- Re-develop screening/approval processes
- Strengthen risk management through cross-departmental involvement of corporate divisions
- Reconsider the role of an investment examination committee

Value up

■ Formulate and implement valueup plans for achievement of business plans when implementing investments

Monitoring

- Regularly grasp and assess state of management based on quantitative indicators
- Measures regarding unprofitable businesses (withdrawal hurdle line crossed)
 - Withdrawal or consolidation/elimination
 - Management reforms/business restructure

Advancement of Risk Management Structure



Risk management that promotes and support dramatic business growth through proactive investment and business expansion

To respond to the increasing size and complexity of risks as business domains expand and deepen, pursue an even more advanced risk management structure that supports appropriate action in response to risk (avoid, transfer, mitigate, accept, etc.) to boost business growth

	Category	Issue	Specific measures
1.	Strengthening of company-wide risk management	Balance and optimize individual management to suit types of risk and comprehensive risk management	■ Reinforce risk management division and aim for minimization of risk and maximization of effect by working together with sales divisions, etc.
2.	Redefining of material risks	Reexamine coverage of risk areas (e.g. country risk, market risk) and review their materiality	 □ Identify risks inherent in individual businesses □ Analyze and manage degree of impact of individual risks on whole-company financial statements
3.	Pursuit of more advanced screening and approval processes	Optimize processes at each stage from proposal through screening, approval, and execution	 □ Rebuild flow of screening process □ Develop more advanced criteria for investment, etc. and withdrawal criteria
4.	Pursuit of more advanced exposure management	Develop more advanced management of consolidated exposure and assumed risk	■ Measure consolidated exposure■ Quantify maximum risks in finer detail

Pursuing Optimal Corporate Governance Structure



Press further ahead with responses to challenges raised in the 9th Plan and build a structure for corporate governance that is transparent and fair toward shareholders and stakeholders and that will form the foundation of sustained growth

Category	Challenge & Response
1. Reconsideration	Redefining of the role and responsibility of the Board of Directors
of the role of the Board of Directors	Strengthening of the oversight function of the Board of Directors
2. Review of the organizational structure	Review and consideration of the number of directors Consideration of setting terms of office for executives
3. Review of the officer evaluation	Clarification and diversification of evaluation criteria
system and officer appointment/ dismissal criteria	Consistency between evaluation and appointment/dismissal criteria
4. Review of the executive compensation	Reconsideration of the fixed amount periodical compensation/performance-based compensation structure
structure	Consideration of a stock-based compensation system

Status of specific measures

Construction of an optimal governance structure

Pursue the construction of the optimal governance structure, including consideration of a transition to a company with audit and supervisory committee

Review the members and operational structure of the Management Committee and rebuild it into a body that allows more free and open debate, for launch this fiscal year

Reviewing the number of directors

From FY2022, revise number of directors so that outside directors will account for at least one-third of the total number

Applying revised officer evaluation system from FY2023

Plans to introduce new executive compensation structure

To enable further strengthening of the incentive function for the executive management team, review the compensation structure, decide on the introduction of a restricted stock-based compensation system, with plans to introduce it at an early stage during the Plan period

Human Resources Strategy



HR organization that will continue to adapt to changes in the environment

Business growth

Transcend the boundaries of trading and realize a world in which the entire supply chain can exist and prosper together

Envisaged organization

An organization that adapts and evolves continuously and autonomously in response to changes in the environment

Image of preferred personnel Management & **Professional** Global

■ Strengthening of organizational structure to

Measures by

■ Strengthening of management talent equipped with both on-site capabilities and management and administrative skills

■ Strengthening of corporate personnel, including high-level professionals (finance, HR, legal, tax, IT)

develop and take advantage of global talent

■ On-site development of management talent

Send mid-ranking employees to Group companies' management teams (as executives or head of corporate divisions) to develop them into management professionals. Advertise in-house for candidates, clearly stating required skills.

■ Send corporate personnel overseas

Send junior and mid-ranking employees to Group companies overseas as corporate division managers, to deepen their understanding of the business and strengthen their global response capabilities

&

■ Strengthen global structure

Conduct human resources education to develop people who will be able to manage diverse personnel of all ethnicities and genders. Promote highly talented personnel to management, including national staff of Group companies.

themes

Support for autonomous career development Elevate the individual

Organization that rewards new value creation fairly Strengthen the organization

Draw out the individual's strengths and support them to take on challenges (systems)

Promotion systems

Introduction of systems for responding to increasingly diverse and changing duties and magnify ambition for overall growth Redefining of job group system Clarify roles and definitions of job groups and increase sense of growth Introduction of open advertisement and early promotion systems Conduct early promotion of ambitious, high-performing employees

Evaluation system

Optimal evaluation of performance Without placing disproportionate weight on business results evaluation. conduct a review of mechanisms to ensure evaluation of diverse matters, including taking up new challenges, human resources development and organizational formation, for the optimal evaluation of performance

Compensation systems

Design with variety Revise into a system that better rewards challenges and outcomes

Attractive compensation levels Revise into an attractive level of compensation that is comparable with general trading houses

Promote diversity & inclusion for personal transformation (growth)

For medium-term improvement of corporate value, personal transformation through chemistry between diverse individuals is

- Actively recruit diverse talent through mid-career hiring and recruitment of high-level specialists
- Develop managers who can accept and manage diverse personnel
- Pursue increases in the percentage of female managers and foreign nationals

Common measures

Support the growth of the individual's strengths (development)

- · Enhance employee education system, based on Hanwa Business School (corporate university program) Strengthen the skills and specializations needed as an organization
- · Continue to send employees to MBA programs in Japan

Gather diverse individuals (recruitment)

- · Mid-career hiring
- · Recruitment by referral
- · Recruitment of high-level specialists
- · Personnel exchanges with Group companies

Succession plan formulation (ongoing)

Development plans that connect to next executive managers and senior managers

Continued approaches to health and productivity management (foundation)

Pursue work style reforms based on the founder's philosophy that "corporate prosperity and the happiness of our employees are two sides of the same coin."

DX Strategy



Offer higher added value than ever by merging Hanwa's commercial sensibilities with digital technologies (specialization & standardization)

Invest in IT personnel and software

Actively use in data analysis and sales activities

Future strengthening of competitiveness by merging Hanwa's strengths with **Purpose of DX** digital technologies [Digital transformation (DX)] [Digitization] [Digitalization] **Evolution of business model** Digital conversion of Digital conversion of (Merging Hanwa's strengths and data processes digital technologies) **Steps toward DX** Offense Defense **Adaptation Aggregation & Standardization** [Preparing for transformation (2022)] [Challenge toward transformation (2025)] Company-wide initiatives to strengthen IT talent, Improve operational efficiency/strengthen security promote data analysis, introduce next-gen Al Introduce workflows, RPA, AI technology, SOC technologies, invest in software, and transform business model Build infrastructure for standardization of Hanwa's initiatives **Management Level** operations and utilization of data Formulate visions and concepts Introduce Shift (ERP system) and Sales Force Sales and admin divisions Information System Dept. (CRM) Explore needs on the IT Infrastructure / Basic support Earned "DX certification" DX Ready (state of readiness for business transformation) *) Awarded on March 1, 2022 by Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry Future specific measures: ● Foster a transformation mindset through rejection of the status quo (culture transformation) • Encourage the generation of DX ideas by sharing information about actual DX examples with employees Consider proactive introduction of new technologies and services Active support of education in IT skills and IT literacy Continued initiatives for improvement of operations and efficiency



Development of Business Strategy

Business Strategy For users, with users



Segment	Vision	Focus businesses
Steel	By focusing on actual products and solving user's issues, Contribute to sustained development of all industries	 ✓ Japan: Develop from goods business/SOKOKA business ✓ Overseas: Develop local production/local consumption supply chains
Primary Metal	Secure sources of unevenly distributed metal resources around the world to Contribute to the sustained development of industrial foundations	 ✓ Enhance sources of metal resources for steel ✓ Roll out secondary battery materials business ✓ Secure and supply precious metal resources in a stable manner
Metal Recycling	Pursue recycling transformation to Realize a carbon-neutral society	 ✓ Delve even deeper into the recycling business (collecting, sorting, processing) for each type of metal ✓ Secure generation sources and build a closed loop
Food Products	Build vertically integrated businesses to Contribute to safe and secure food distribution	 ✓ Further deepen trading ✓ Enhance processing functions and enhance businesses targeting retail and restaurants
Energy & Living Materials	Build environmentally responsible energy supply systems to Realize a sustainable society	 Secure resources related to biomass/recycled energy Develop and supply recycling-derived, bio-derived polyethylene products
Overseas Sales Subsidiaries	Through overseas business expansion with a focus on the Asian region, Contribute to the development of regional communities	 ✓ Sell raw materials and semi-finished products to local steelmakers ✓ Source local products and sell to users ✓ Further develop businesses other than steel
Lumber	By consistently delivering all manner of housing materials, from raw materials up, Contribute to the realization of sustainable living	 ✓ Supply materials to housing manufacturers ✓ Supply lumber parts to general construction companies
Machinery	Offer technological innovation to industrial society and fun to people to Contribute to the realization of a rich and warm society	 ✓ Strengthen maintenance structure ✓ Produce amusement machinery and equipment ✓ Develop new facilities

Steel Business Segment

HANWA

Grand design of domestic business for actual steel products

Contribute to users' total cost reductions through Hanwa's unique supply chain Supply commodities in the form that the user wants, to contribute to the improvement of the user's own business results

Basic strategy for domestic steel business Phase 2 Components building Phase **5** Solution providing Base Phase 1 "SOKOKA" * & trading company company Convert to high value added Provide new value that Independent steel Differentiate through strengthening of trading company business transcends the procurement distribution functions domain Make optimal procurement By adding some extra value to By further raising the degree of processing, In addition to materials and processing, proposals from users' materials, aim for differentiation in aim to convert from materials wholesale aim to strengthen comprehensive perspective materials sales and strengthening of into a business selling high value-added solutions capabilities through alliances, competitiveness processed products etc. with design offices and building *SOKOKA Just-in-Time delivery, small firms, etc. lot, processing Wholesale business **Steel structure** with abundant marketing business inventories **SOKOKA business** High added-value processed products (subcontracting of steel (From distribution processing to sales of framing work) processed products) New product development: Products that Thermal-insulation don't yet exist Logistics efficiency Support for the hard-to-procure: Products construction business improvements that are rare or unusual (subcontracting of thermal (Transport, storage, cargo handling) Optimization of QCD: Better products insulation work)

User-based trading company

Optimal procurement proposals that take advantage of our strengths as an independent trading company

- Merits of scale
- Diverse sources of supply
- **SOKOKA** (strengthening of distribution functions) Differentiation by strengthening Just-in-Time delivery, small lot, processing
- (distribution processing) capabilities Initial processing, e.g. cutting
- (distribution processing) Supply network (including Group companies)
- Components building & trading company (sale of high valued-added processed products)

Provision of one-stop supply service by rebuilding of supply chain

- Extensive network of suppliers
- Highly specialized manufacturing personnel

Solution providing company (provision of comprehensive value)

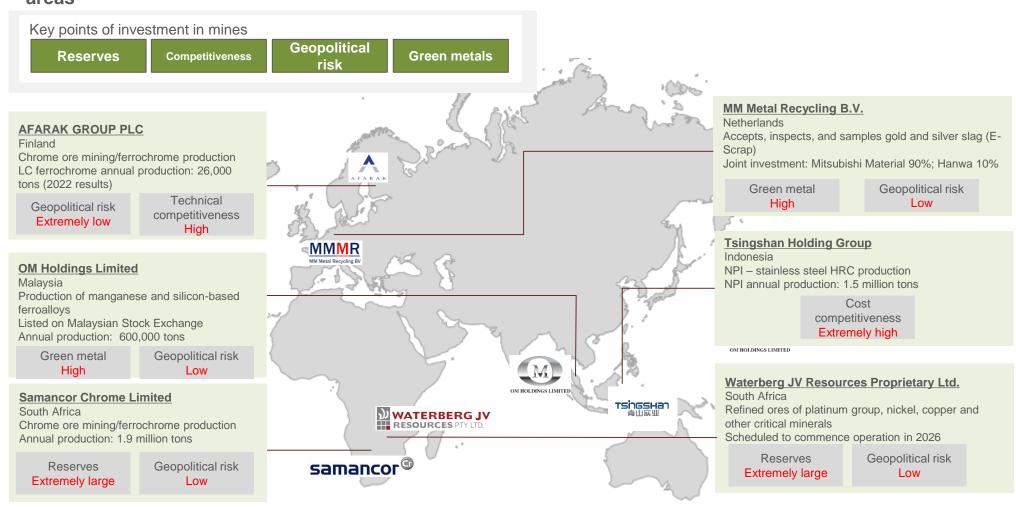
Meet user needs and expand business domain into non-trading areas

 Integrated management of manufacturing/design/installation/robotics

Primary Metals Business Segment



For stable supply to steelmakers and non-ferrous metal manufacturers, etc. Secure resources through capital investment x Inventory/immediate delivery function in key demand areas

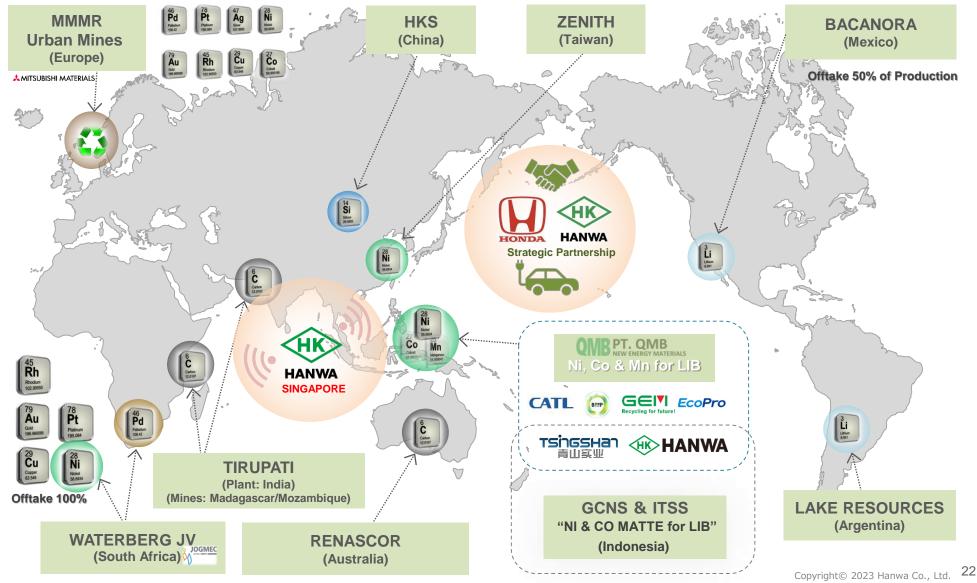


- Future key measures: Support for value-up of investee companies
 - Stable supply to users
 - Materials business targeting semiconductor industry

Sublimation as "BATTERY GLOBAL GROUP for ELECTRIFICATION"



With a keen aim of further expansion and deepening of "BATTERY TEAM" firstly formed in April 2021, the TEAM has been reformed into a "GLOBAL SCALE". Further striving to secure maldistributed natural resources for the BATTERY and contributing to customers as well as ELECTRIFICATION-related industries overall.



Metal Recycling Business Segment



Promote "Recycling Transformation" and, centered on existing collection and processing bases, transform into one of Japan's largest metal recycling businesses



Food Products Business Segment



Build a vertically integrated business from raw materials to processing and become the trading house of choice among end users

Marine products industry supply chain management

Production

Fisheries Aquaculture

Wholesale

Brokers, traders, trading houses

Processing

Fresh food processing Single frozen seafood

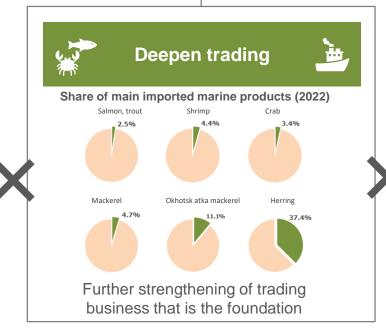
Retail

Restaurants Supermarkets **End consumer**

Secure stable supply of safe and secure raw materials



Explore long-term initiatives to secure stable supply of limited marine resources





東日本フーズ 片 株式会社

Higashinihon foods ハンワフーズ株式会社



To become the trading house of choice among end users

Build vertically integrated supply chain management

Other food businesses

• Poultry: We handle various products, from fresh meat to processed chicken products, supplying to food processing companies, convenience stores, restaurant chains, etc.

Energy & Living Materials Business Segment



For stable supply to customers

Biomass Energy

PKS (palm kernel shell)

Further strengthen stable supply structure while maintaining top share of transacted volumes of imports in Japan

White pellets (wood pellets)

Expand factory we have invested in for further stable supply (BIOMASA annual production: 150,000 tons)

Black pellets (wood coal pellets)

Overcome technical hurdles and establish supply network

Other Energy

- Aqueous urea (DEF) for watercraft
- Expand transactions of raw materials for fertilizer



 Expand imports and exports of lubricant raw materials and additives

Recycled Energy

RPF

Strengthen procurement, centered on Seibu Service Co., Ltd., and expand supply chain through M&A

Tire recycling

Collect, sort, and process tires, which are disposed of as industrial waste and convert into carbon neutral fuel*

One-stop Solution for Miscellaneous Daily Goods

Recycled raw materials, bio-materials

Propose procurement of environmentally friendly raw materials with SDGs in mind

OEM production

Product development capabilities that accurately meet user needs

Supply capabilities

Last one mile logistics functions, quality control capabilities

Lumber Business Segment

HANWA

Lumber SOKOKA (build supply network that starts with downstream such as housing manufacturers) + Construction

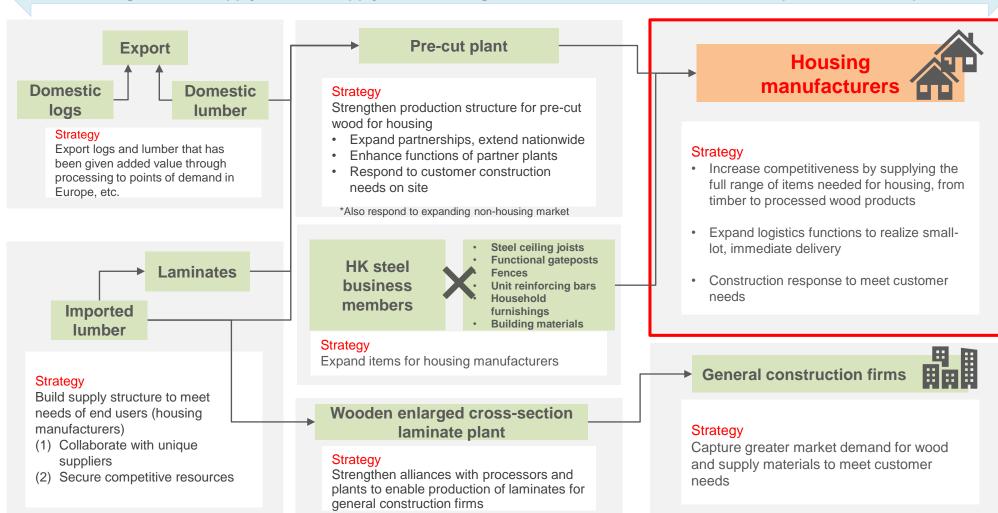
Timber

Primary processing (Lumber)

Secondary & tertiary processing (Laminates, pre-cuts)

End users

Streamlining of entire supply chain to supply all of housing manufacturers' needs, from timber to processed wood products



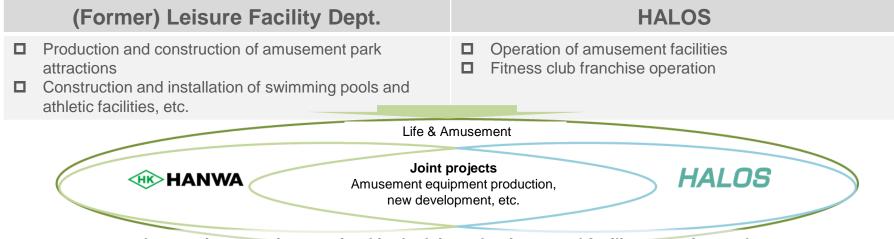
Machinery Business Segment



Life & Amusement Dept./HALOS -

Name changed from Leisure Facilities Dept. to Life & Amusement Dept.

Together with Company subsidiary, HALOS, creates new merchandise and markets and is developing a new comprehensive amusement business through the revision of its business concept



Leveraging experience gained in the leisure business and facility operation to date, provides amusement experiences that are close to customers' lives

- Industrial Machinery Dept. -

[Future Vision] Be an independent and perpetual organization armed with maintenance functions				
	Vision			
Specific measures				
	Build maintenance structure (including M&As) Strengthen relationships with existing suppliers Strengthen transactions with overseas manufacturers			

Overseas Sales Subsidiaries Segment

HANWA

- Global business development with focus on ASEAN region -

Promote the "Create another Hanwa in Southeast Asia" concept and further increase our presence in ASEAN region, while also further expanding our global bases

HANWA

Steel (final products / semifinished products / scrap)

Through investment in and collaboration with steel manufacturers. expand supply chain in ASEAN region by supplying semi-finished products such as slab

Primary Metals

Secure supply of EV battery materials, demand of which is expected to grow rapidly, and strengthen sales of stainless steel products (ASEAN region and Europe)

Food Products

In line with overseas expansion of Japanese chains, supply processed food products to overseas markets

Energy

Secure supply of biofuel, PKS (palm kernel shell), as well as forest planting and raw materials for wood pellets

Food Products

Start supplying ingredients such as rice and chicken meat for employees of investee manufacturers

Overseas Sales Subsidiaries Segment

HANWA

-Steel business strategy in ASEAN region-

During the 9th Plan period, ASEAN sales subsidiaries as a whole have grown into a key strategic base with 3 million tons of steel volume sold per annum

Further advancement of "Create another Hanwa in Southeast Asia"

Challenge 1: Due to growing environmental awareness such as carbon neutrality and decarbonization, demand for cold iron sources and iron scrap is surging, making securing supply a matter of urgency Challenge 2: Explore transport, processing, and inventory functions in individual ASEAN countries



Measures

- Strengthen collaboration with local major steel manufacturers, including capital investments
- Supply cold iron sources and iron scrap from Japan, Australia, and the United States to steel manufacturers in ASEAN region
- Realize ASEAN version of "SOKOKA (Just-in-Time delivery, small lot, processing)" strategy by developing steel product transactions within ASEAN region
- Supply reduced iron (DRI, HBI), which can reduce CO₂ emissions from the steel making process, to steel manufacturers
- Realize optimal and efficient maritime logistics among countries and subsidiaries in ASEAN region

	Target annual transaction volume of steel in ASEAN region (million tons)
2025	4.5

Summary of Quantitative Targets



Ordinary Income(FY2025):

70 Billion yen

Return on Equity (ROE)*:

12.0% or more (ROE>Cost of Equity)

*ROE = Profit attributable to owners of the parent / Average shareholders' equity at term beginning/end

Dividend on Equity (DOE)*:

2.5% (Minimum)

* DOE = Total dividends / Term-beginning shareholders' equity

Net DER:

100% or less

Cumulative Investment and Lending Capacity:

80 Billion yen

Global Steel Transaction Volume: 17 million tons





HANWA CO., LTD.

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