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# FINANCIAL RESULTS

# for the Fiscal Year ended March 31, 2011

May 19, 2011

# HANWA CO., LTD.



#### • Net sales

*Net sales amounted 1,396.1 billion yen, increased by 25% due to economic recovery.* 

• Net income

Operating and ordinary income increased with increase in revenue. Net income was 5.7 billion yen, decreased by 50% for the previous year, due to extraordinary losses and reduction of income taxes by posted deferred tax asset from transfer of fixed assets in FY2009.

• Dividends

We plan the year-end dividend payment of 6 yen. As a result, the planned annual dividend for FY2010 will be 12 yen per share.

#### **Operating Results** (consolidated)



		(M	lillions of yen,
	FY2010	FY2009	Rate of changes
Net sales	1,396,103	1,116,628	+25.0%
Gross profit	43,744	40,589	+7.8%
SG&A expenses	29,890	29,169	+2.5%
Operating income	13,853	11,420	+21.3%
Non-operating income/expenses	(363)	(2,007)	-81.9%
Ordinary income	13,490	9,412	+43.3%
Extraordinary gain/loss	(3,485)	(3,270)	+6.6%
Income before income taxes and others	10,005	6,142	+62.9%
Income taxes	4,154	(5,404)	-
Minority interests/loss	56	(32)	-
Net income	5,793	11,579	-50.0%
Comprehensive income	6,104	14,537	-58.0%

• Transaction volume increased, because the operational status of users had improved. Net sales increased by 25% for the the previous year.

- Profit increased with increase in revenue.
  Operating income +21.3% Ordinary income +43.3%
- Net income decreased by 50% for the previous year, due to extraordinary losses and reduction of income taxes in FY2009.
- EPS was 27.95yen (-27.51 yen).

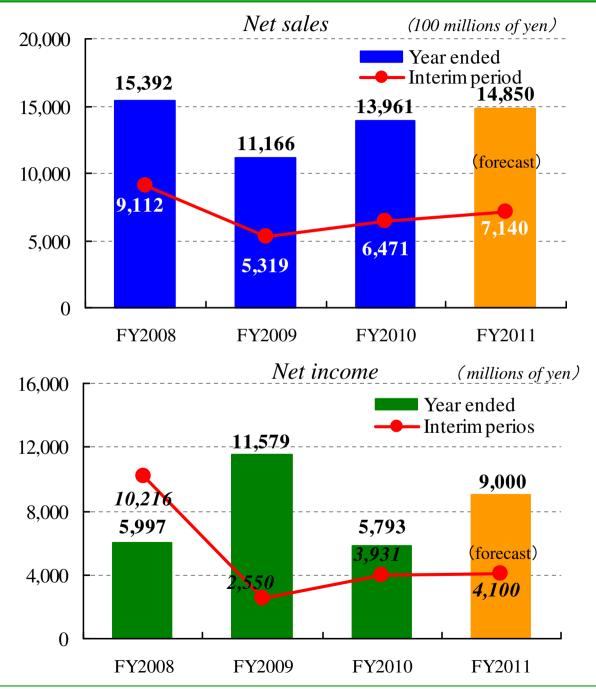
# Changes in Business results (consolidated)



Demand is improving from FY2009. Net sales increased compared with the previous year.

Although net income decreased due to temporal factor of increased profit in FY2009, operating revenue was healthy.

The future is uncertain due to the Great East Japan Earthquake. We estimate supply and demand is sluggish in 1<sup>st</sup> half. Full scale recovery from quake damage and demand for reconstruction after disaster is expected after the 2<sup>nd</sup> half in FY2011.



#### **Financial Position** (consolidated)



(Millions of year)			illions of yen,
	2011/3	2010/3	Rate of change
Total assets	532,797	443,444	+20.1%
Current assets	423,204	333,166	+27.0%
Fixed assets	109,593	110,278	-0.6%
Total liabilities	422,338	336,589	+25.5%
Net interest- bearing debt	214,497	150,909	+42.1%
Net assets	110,458	106,855	+3.4%
Equity capital	111,840	108,542	+3.0%
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(2,058)	(2,373)	-13.3%
Minority interests	677	686	-1.3%

• Total assets increased by 20.1% from end of the previous fiscal year, due to increase in trade receivables and inventories.

• Interest-bearing debt increased due to the increasing working capital, thus net debt-equity ratio rose to 200%.

• Total net assets increased by 3.4% from end of the previous fiscal year, due to retained earnings increased. Shareholders' equity ratio was 20.6% (-3.4percentage points).

• *BPS was 529.65 yen* (+17.49 *yen*).

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(Millions of yen			illions of yen)
	FY2010	FY2009	change
Cash flows from Operating activities	(46,948)	46,250	-93,198
Cash flows from Investing activities	(7,610)	(12,991)	+5,381
Cash flows from Financing activities	51,271	(43,669)	+94,940
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	20,586	24,514	-3,928

Net cash used in operation was 46.9 billion yen due to increase in trade receivables and inventories.

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Net cash used in investment was 7.6 billion yen due to payment for purchase of fixed assets and investment securities.

Net cash provided by financing was 51.2 billion yen due to increase in short term loans and CP.

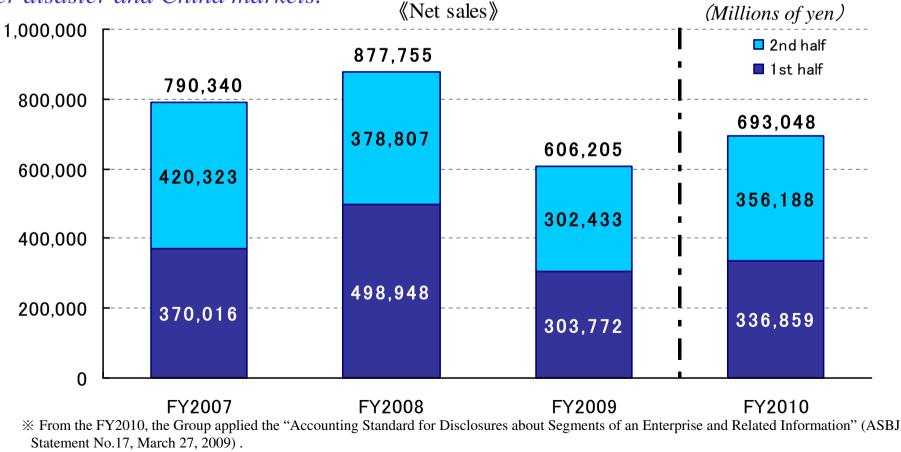


			(Millions of yen)
	Net sales	Segment income	Profit ratio
Steel	693,048	9,422	1.4%
Metal & alloys	124,036	2,265	1.8%
Non-ferrous metals	60,026	715	1.2%
Foods	80,067	1,777	2.2%
Petroleum & chemicals	370,036	2,197	0.6%
Total for reportable segments	1,327,214	16,378	1.2%
Other	124,400	763	0.6%
Total	1,451,615	17,142	1.2%
Adjustment	(55,512)	(3,651)	-
Consolidated	1,396,103	13,490	1.0%



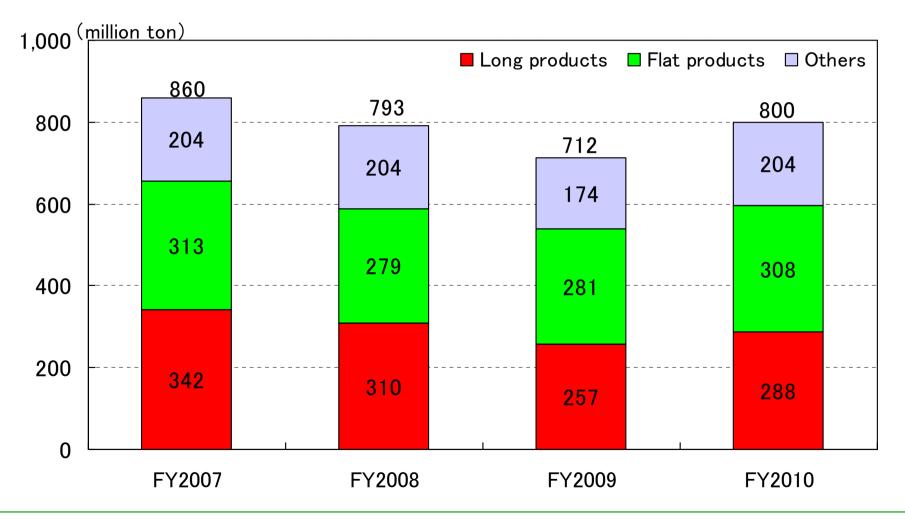
		(Millions of yen)
Net sales	Segment income	Profit ratio
<i>693,04</i> 8	9,422	1.4%

Since manufacturers' demand was healthy, steel demand increased. However, market price was vulnerable. So it was not easy in spot trade to make a profit. The future of steel demand is uncertain, relating to recovery from quake damage, demand related to reconstruction after disaster and China markets.



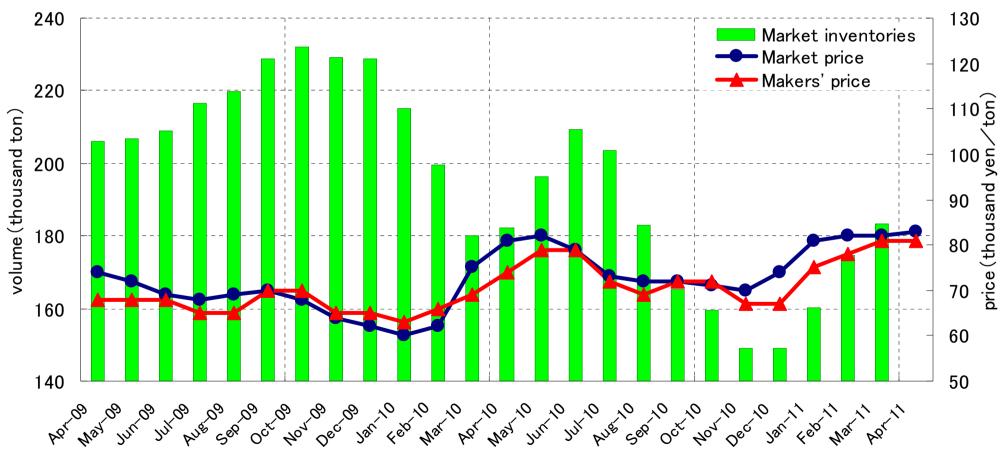
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Manufacturers' operation was healthy due to economic recovery. Therefore, our transaction volume of flat products increased. Long products transaction volume was gradually increasing in spite of weak construction demand.



# Market Trend of Long Products

Construction demand was weak. At the beginning of last year, the market price of Hbeams turned upward in expectation of rising raw materials prices. However, the price turned downward with increase in market inventories. In 2011, market price turned upward. But recently the price is peaking.



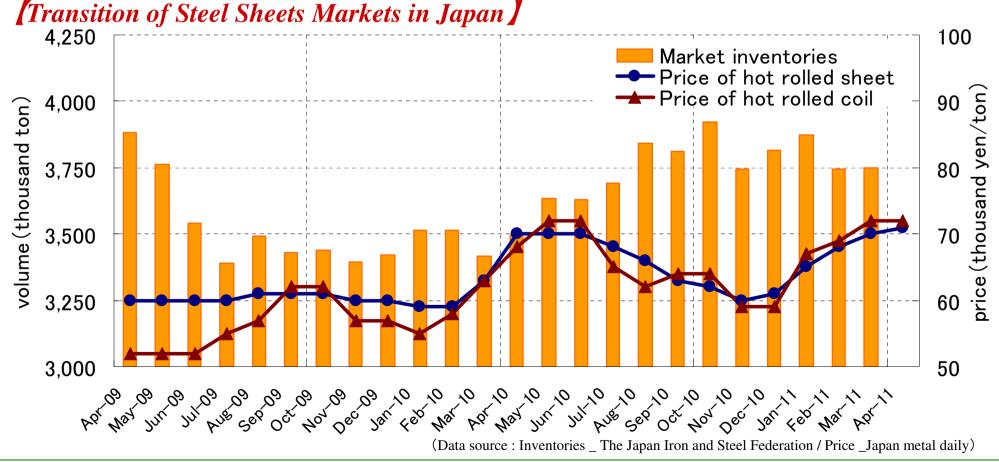
#### [Transition of the H-Beams Markets in Japan]

<sup>(</sup>Data source : Inventories \_ Tokiwa-kai / Price \_Japan metal daily)

#### Market Trend of Flat Products

Manufacturers' operation was strong due to mainly healthy overseas demand. From this fiscal year, the long contract price were revised by half or quarter in conjunction with pricing of steel raw materials.

The spot price of steel sheets turned upward at the beginning in 2010. However, as demand in China market entered a correction phase, the price dropped back. In 2011, market price turned upward again. But recently the price is going sideways.



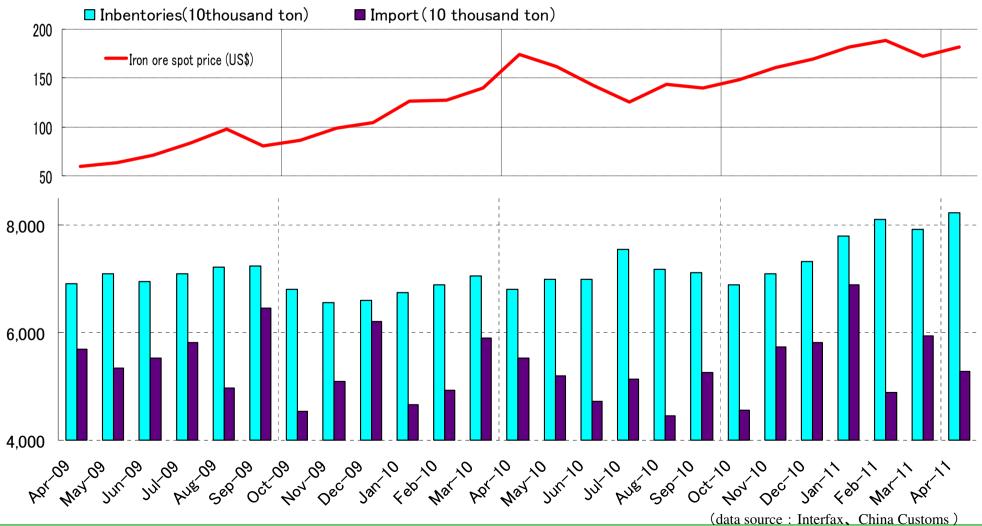
# Market Trend of Steel Raw Materials

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The price of iron ore was vulnerable in response to demand situation, market inventories volume and future of demand in China market.

Recently, the price is peaking due to excessive inventories and flagging steel products price.

#### [Iron Ore Market in China]



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From this fiscal year, the price of<br/>steel raw materials between mining<br/>companies and steelmakers are350revised on the basis of spot price in<br/>China. Thus spot price became an<br/>important factor for steel pricing in300250250the following quarter.200

Price of coking coal is hover <sup>1</sup> from tight supply due to floods in Australia.

#### **[**Coking coal price **]**



**[**Contract price between Mining companies and Steelmakers **]** 

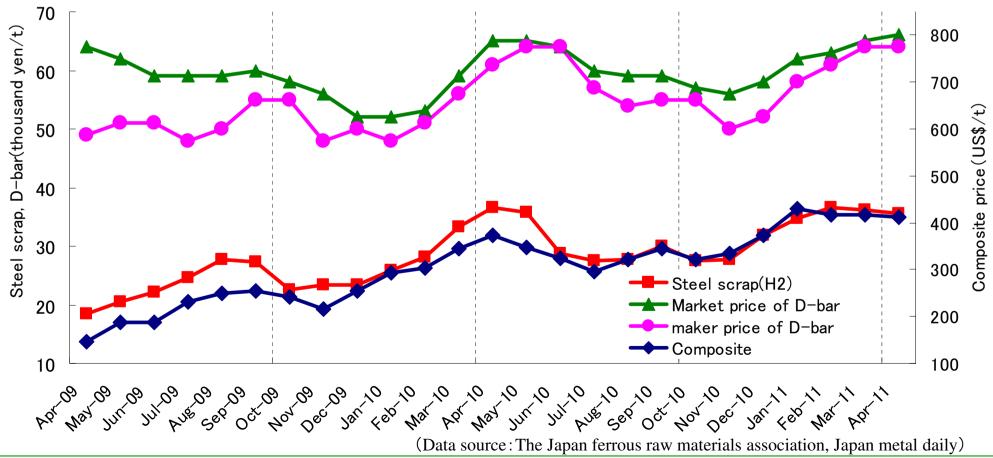


# Markets Trend of Steel Scrap

The price of steel scrap was in the upward trend until the beginning of this fiscal year. Then, the price fell due to decrease in buying intention of oversea traders. In 2<sup>nd</sup> half the price turned upward due to tight supply.

Electric furnace steel makers and trading companies suffered pricing steel products.

[Steel scrap and D-bar Market Price]

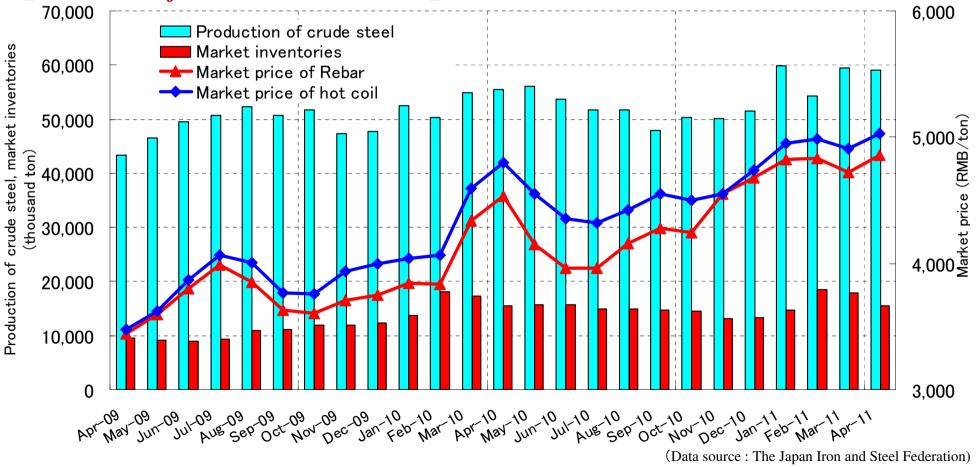


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#### **Steel Market Trend in China**

Production level of crude steel was high. From 2<sup>nd</sup> half in FY2010, market inventories volume and market price turned upwards. After Chinese New Year, price peaked due to excessive inventories volume. Recently, although inventory adjustment advanced, future price is uncertain.

#### [Transition of steel market in China ]



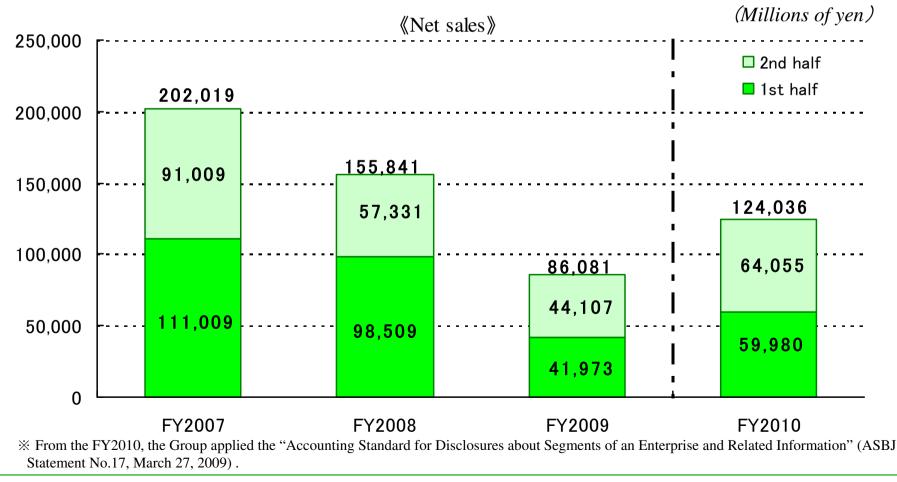
# Metals & Alloys Business Segment



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		(Millions of yen)
Net sales	Segment income	Profit ratio
124,036	2,265	1.8%

Although stainless steel production was reduced at one time, demand of raw materials was strong due to recovery of steel production..

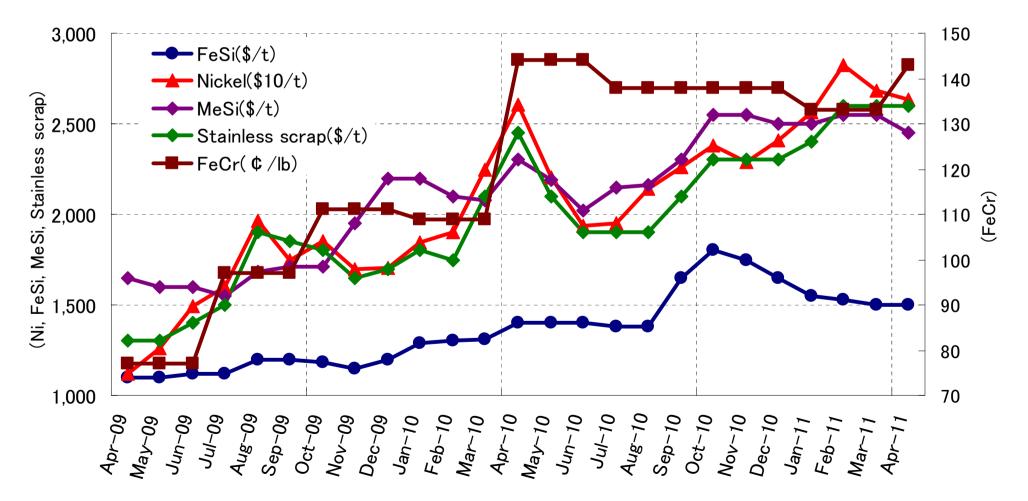


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# Market Trend of Metals & Alloys

The price of nickel and ferroalloys turned turbulent in response to steel and stainless steel production situation, supply and demand in China market and influx of speculative money.

Stainless scrap was tight due to reduction of supply.



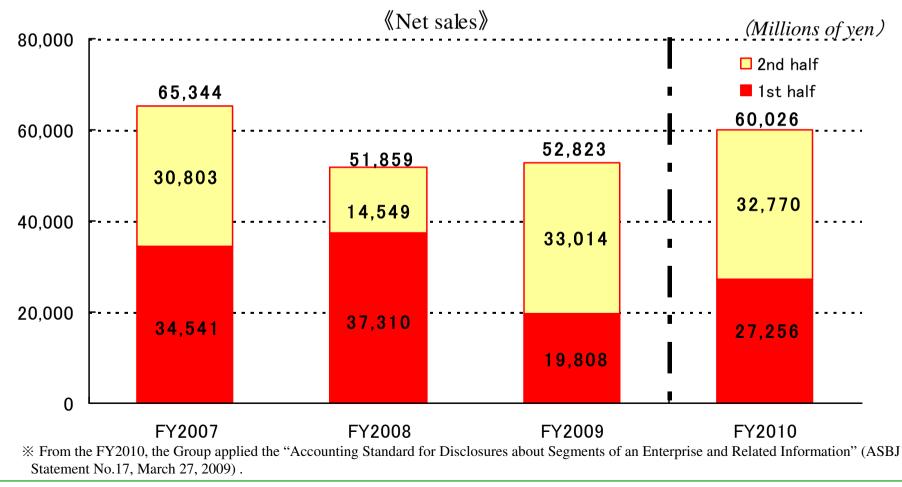
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#### Non-ferrous Metals Business Segment



		(Millions of ven)
Net sales	Segment income	Profit ratio
60,026	715	1.2%

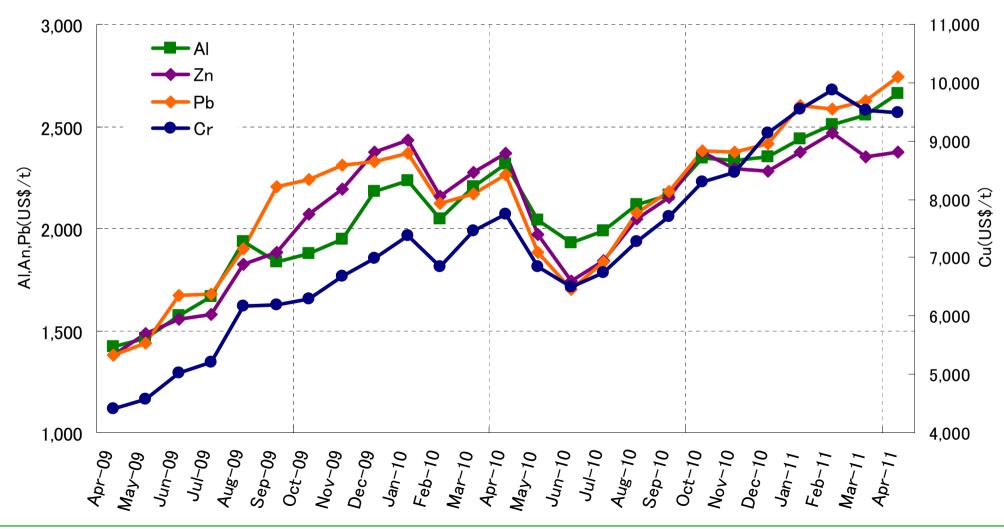
Although earning from recycling business decreased due to rising scrap prices, demand of copper and aluminum remained strongly.



#### Markets Trend of Non-ferrous Metals



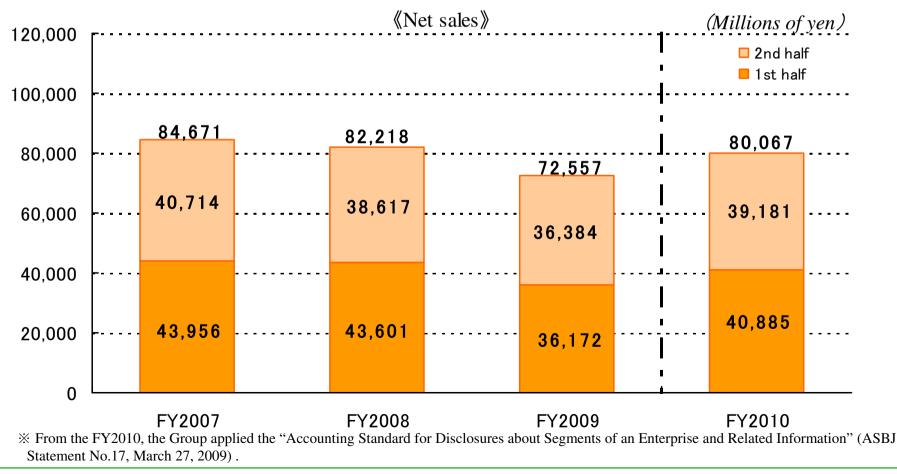
The price of non-ferrous metals in the LME market was on an upward trend due to recovery of demand in China and influx of speculative funds in expectation of a future rise. However, the price went down because of rekindled financial turmoil. After then, the price is rising again due to influx of speculative funds.





		(Millions of yen)
Net sales	Segment income	Profit ratio
80,067	1,777	2.2%

For a long time, price and sales volume of food stayed on a low level. In FY2010, poor catches of some kinds of fish and small inventories achieved balance in supply and demand. Thus we achieved solid results.

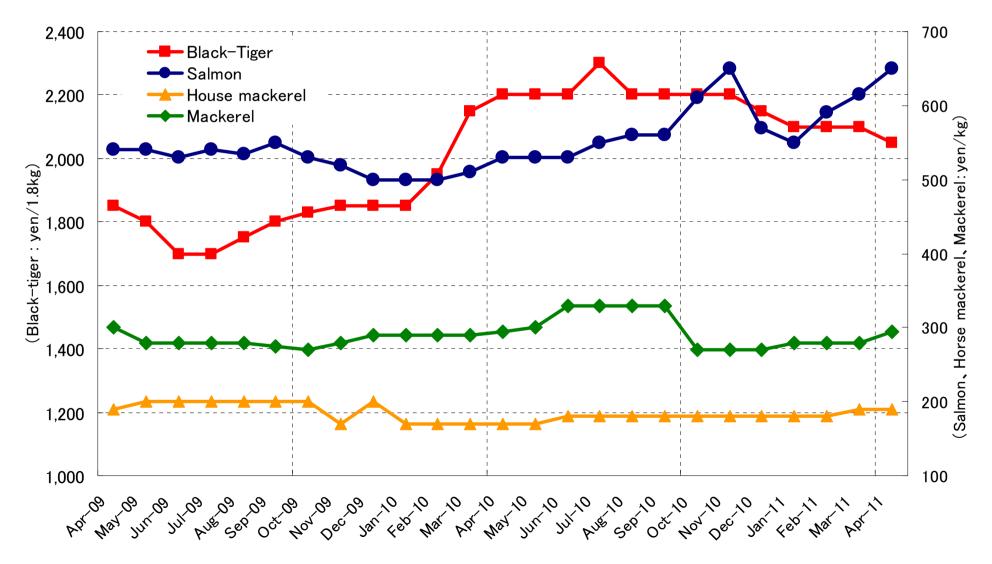


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#### Market Trend of Frozen Marine Products



Although demand of marine products was weak, the price remained firm due to poor catches of some kinds of fish overseas. Especially, shrimp price remained powerful, because shrimp farming was in a slump and demand in the U.S. was strong.

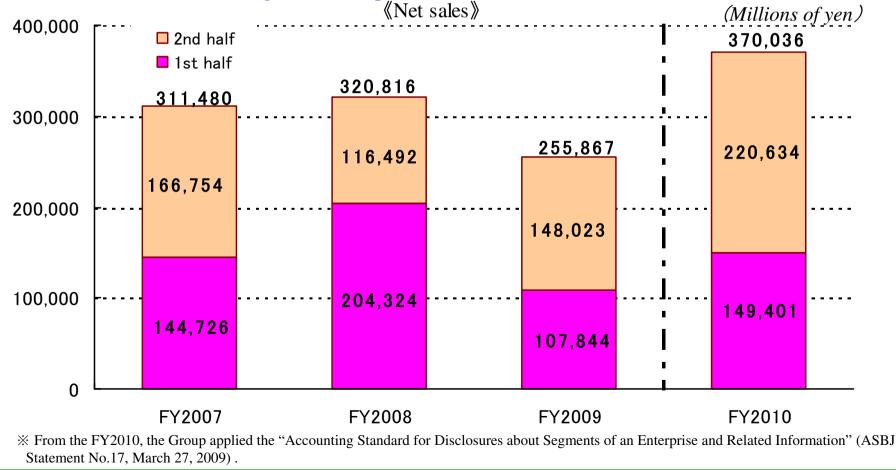


#### **Petroleum & Chemicals Business Segment**



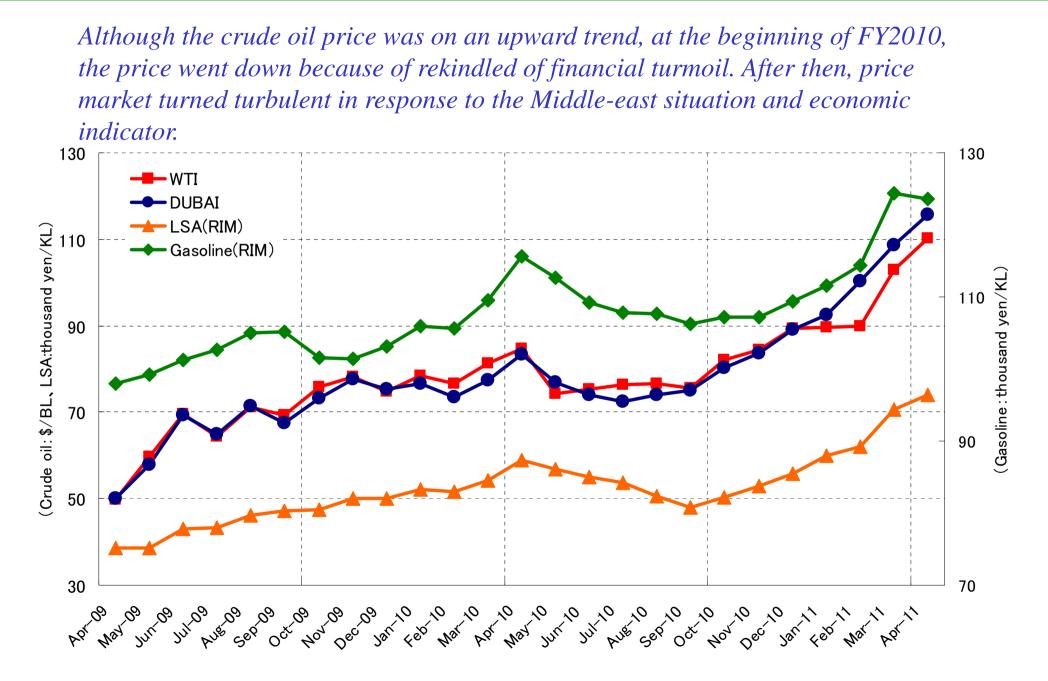
		(Millions of yen)
Net sales	Segment income	Profit ratio
370,036	2,197	0.6%

Crude oil price varied enormously, it was difficult to pass higher cost. Oil manufacturers' price policy caused a downturn in profitability. However, our sales in banker oil, kerosene and gas was expanded.



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#### Market Trend of Crude Oil & Petroleum Products



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# "Resonance"

We always see from the perspective of customers as "customer-oriented trading company". Hereafter, with this stance, we will develop the interdepartmental cooperation and enhance the partnership with customers with a sense of togetherness. We call this policy "Resonance".

In addition, from standpoint of response to customer needs, we will expand any business fields outside of steel business. Finally, we aim for functional medium-sized general trading company.



#### [Strengthening of Domestic Business]

Expansion of domestic bases

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Establishment of Okinawa branch (Apr-2010) Establishment of Atsugi branch, Mito branch and Hachinohe office

M&A for strengthening of function Acquisition a controlling interest of Showa Metal (Apr-2010)

Acquisition ownership of Taiyo kozai (Apr-2010) Acquisition ownership of Daikoh Steel (Aug-2010) Acquisition business of Naniwa Metals (Sep-2010) Acquisition ownership of Toyo Energy (Oct-2010)

#### [Enhancement of Overseas Operation]

Expansion of overseas bases Establishment of Chennai Office in India (Feb-2011) Promotion of business investment Investment in a new plant of Steel Pipe Piles in Vietnam (Jul-2010) Beginning of operation of metal silicon plant in Dalian, China (Mar-2011) Additional investment in Nippon EGalv in Malaysia (Jun-2011) Strengthening of processing function Investment in plant and equipment in HSS Thailand (Dec-2010~)

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The future is uncertain due to depressed production activities from the Great East Japan Earthquake, decreasing demand from end of incentive package for consumption and uncertain overseas demand. We estimate domestic demand is sluggish in 1<sup>st</sup> half and move gradually towards recovery in 2<sup>nd</sup> half in FY2011 About the dividend, we emphasize stable dividend. We plan the interim dividend of 6 yen

and the year-end dividend of 6 yen.

(Millions of yen)

	Interim	FY2011	FY2010
Net sales	714,000	1,485,000	1,396,103
Operating income	7,700	17,400	13,853
Ordinary income	6,800	15,000	13,490
Net income	4,100	9,000	5,793
	Year	Interim	Year-end
Cash dividends (yen)	12.00	6.00	6.00

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